

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF "FAST CAPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED" (Formerly Known as Sneha Viniyog and Fincorp Private Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements.

Opinion:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of "**FAST CAPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED**" ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss and statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, the profit and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion:

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters:

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



SI No.	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1.	Classification Loan Portfolio.	<p>Principal Audit Procedures</p> <p>a. We assessed the company's procedure to identify the loan quality.</p> <p>b. Our audit approach consisted testing of the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls and substantive testing of the follows.</p> <p>i. Evaluated the design of internal controls relating to early assessment of Loan default cases.</p> <p>ii. Selected a sample of Loan and tested the effectiveness of the internal control.</p>
2.	<p>Provision for Loan/credit losses:</p> <p>The Company determines the allowance for credit losses based on historical loss experience adjusted to reflect current and estimated future economic conditions. The Company considered current and anticipated future economic conditions relating to industries the Company deals with and the area where it operates. In calculating expected credit loss, the Company has also considered credit reports and other related credit information for its customers to estimate the probability of default in future.</p> <p>We identified Provisions for credit losses as a key audit matter because the Company exercises significant judgment in calculating the expected credit losses.</p> <p>Refer Notes 19 to the financial statements.</p>	<p>Principal Audit Procedures</p> <p>Our audit procedures related to the Provision for credit losses against Loan assets:</p> <p>We tested the effectiveness of controls over the (1) development of the methodology for the Provision for Loan losses, including consideration of the current and estimated future economic conditions (2) completeness and accuracy of information used in the estimation of probability of default and (3) computation of the allowance for credit losses. For a sample of customers:</p> <p>We tested the input data such as credit reports and other credit related information used in estimating the probability of default by comparing them to external and internal sources of information.</p> <p>We tested the mathematical accuracy and computation of the allowances by using the same input data used by the Company.</p>

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon:

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent



with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors Responsibility for the Financial Statements:

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total income and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the



Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. **A.** As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that :
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - e. On the basis of written representations received from Directors as on March 31, 2025, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure B to this report;
- B.** With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - a. The Company does not have any pending litigations as on 31st March 2025.
 - b. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses during the year ended 31st March 2025.
 - c. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - d.
 - i. The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - ii. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the



understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- iii. Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate by us in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material miss-statement.
- e. The Board of Directors of the Company have not proposed any dividend for the year accordingly this clause is not commented upon.
- f. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. [Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

**For SRB & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 310009E**



**Sunil Shah
Partner**

M. No. 052841

UDIN: 25052841BMFXYY7997

Place: Kolkata
Date: 30/04/2025

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annexure referred to In paragraph 1 (f) under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date

Report on internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

To the Members of "FAST CAPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED".

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of "**FAST CAPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED**". as of March 31,2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial controls over Financial Reporting;

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

**For SRB & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 310009E**



**Sunil Shah
Partner**

M. No. 052841

UDIN: 25052841BMFYX7997

Place: Kolkata
Date: 30/04/2025

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's report on the financial statements of "FAST CAPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED" for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

(i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, plant and equipment.

(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, plant and equipment by which all Property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain Property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, plant and equipment (including Right-of-use assets) or Intangible assets or both during the year.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made there under.

(ii) (a) The Company is a Non Banking Financial Company (NBFC) engaged in gold loan activities. The company's business does not involve inventory, accordingly provision of clause 3(ii) of the order are not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not availed any working capital limits, accordingly provision of this clause of the order are not applicable to the Company.



(iii) (a) The Company is a Non Banking Financial Company (NBFC) engaged in gold loan activities and its principal business is to give loans. Accordingly provisions of clause 3(iii)a is not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of the loans given are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case of loans given, the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts have been regular.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loans are overdue for more than ninety days.

(e) Since the Company's principal business is to give loan, clause 3(iii)(e) is not applicable.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not given any loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

(iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has complied Section 185 and Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investment made and guarantee or security given.

(v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.

(vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the services provided by it. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.

(vii) (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of excise and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into GST. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax ('GST'), Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of GST, Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of GST, Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Value added tax, Cess or other statutory dues which have not been deposited by the Company on account of disputes.

(viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

(ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted any loans or borrowings and interest thereon to any lender during the year.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company Terms loans obtained are applied for the purposes which it was obtained.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis has been utilised for long term purposes.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

(x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

(xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.



(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

(c) The Company did not receive any whistle blower complaints during the year.

(xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

(xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable.

(xiv) (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.

(b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.

(xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

(xvi) (a) The Company is required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and it has obtained registration vide registration no- B-05.02005.

(b) The company was classified as NBFC by the Reserve Bank of India and was engaged in Gold Loan activities during the year.

(c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.

(d) The Company is not part of any Group. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

(xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.



(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

(xxi) The company is not required to prepare the consolidated financial statement; the reporting under clause 3(xxi) is not applicable.

For SRB & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 310009E



Sunil Shah
Partner

M. No. 052841

UDIN: 25052841BMFX7997





Place: Kolkata
Date: 30/04/2025

Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

	Note	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
I. Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3	480.58	480.58
Reserves and surplus	4	87.24	71.42
		567.82	552.00
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings		750.00	750.00
		750.00	750.00
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings		-	-
Trade payables :	5		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.35	0.74
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.70	0.06
Other current liabilities	6	8.16	6.79
Short-term provisions	7	4.32	4.31
		13.53	11.90
Total		1,331.35	1,313.90
II. Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets			
(i) Property, plant and equipment	8A	2.25	1.00
(ii) Intangible assets		-	-
(iii) Intangible assets under development	8B	3.13	3.13
Deferred tax assets (net)	9	1.08	1.08
Long-term loans and advances		720.00	720.00
		726.46	725.21
Current assets			
Cash and bank balances	12	166.45	190.38
Short-term loans and advances	10	403.21	367.27
Other current assets	11	35.23	31.04
		604.89	588.69
Total		1,331.35	1,313.90
Summary of significant accounting policies		2.1	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements			
As per our report of even date attached			
For SRB & Associates		For Fast Capital Private Limited	
Chartered Accountants			
ICAI Firm Registration No. 310009E			
			
Sunil Shah		Kuldeep Maity	Ranjita Maity
Partner		Director	Director
Membership No: 052841		DIN:00250869	DIN:02523188
UDIN: 25052841B MFX YX 7997			
Place : Kolkata			
Date : 30/04/2025			

Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

	Note	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
I. Income			
Revenue from operations	13	164.17	97.95
Other income		0.14	0.02
Total income		164.31	97.97
II. Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	14	18.25	10.04
Finance costs		90.00	47.78
Depreciation and amortisation expense	15	-	-
Provisions and write offs	16	0.01	2.22
Other expenses	17	34.90	32.50
Total expenses		143.16	92.54
Profit before exceptional items and tax		21.15	5.43
Exceptional items		-	-
Profit before tax		21.15	5.43
Tax expense:			
Current tax		5.33	2.48
Deferred tax		-	(1.06)
Total tax expense		5.33	1.42
Profit for the period/year		15.82	4.01
Earning per equity share (EPS)			
Basic and diluted (₹)		0.34	0.09
Nominal value of share (₹)		10.00	10.00

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For SRB & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 310009E

Sunil Shah

Partner

Membership No: 052841

UDIN: 25052841B MFXXX7997

Place : Kolkata

Date : 30/04/2025



For Fast Capital Private Limited

Kuldip Maity

Director

DIN:00250869

Ranjita Maity

Director

DIN:02523188

Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Cash flow from operating activities:		
Profit before tax and extraordinary items	21.15	5.43
Adjustments for :		
Provision for loan loss	0.01	2.22
Depreciation	-	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	21.16	7.65
(Increase)/Decrease in loans and advances	(37.32)	(705.73)
(Increase)/Decrease in other assets	(4.19)	(0.19)
Increase/(Decrease) in current liabilities	1.60	5.17
Cash generated from/used in operations	(18.74)	(693.10)
Direct Tax paid (net)	(3.94)	(5.27)
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	(22.68)	(698.37)
Cash flow from investing activities:		
Purchase of fixed assets	(1.25)	(0.20)
Intangible assets under development	-	(1.90)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(1.25)	(2.10)
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from long-term/short-term borrowings	-	750.00
Proceeds from issue of share capital	-	-
Net cash generated from/ (used in) financing activities (C)	-	750.00
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(23.93)	49.53
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	190.38	140.86
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	166.45	190.39
Cash and cash equivalents comprises of :		
Balance with banks:		
- in current accounts	68.26	14.23
Cash on hand	98.19	176.15
	166.45	190.38

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For SRB & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 310009E

Sunil Shah

Partner

Membership No: 052841

UDIN: 25052841BMFXXX7997

Place : Kolkata

Date : 30/04/2025



Kuldeep Maity

Director

DIN:00250869

For Fast Capital Private Limited

Ranjita Maity

Director

DIN:02523188

Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Significant Accounting Policies and Notes on Accounts

1. Reporting entity

Fast Capital Private Limited, (herein after referred as "the Company" or "FCPL"), is engaged in lending activities of providing loan against pledging of gold ornaments. The Company is registered as a non-deposit accepting Non-Banking Financial Company vide Registration Number: B-05.02005.

2. Basis of preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016, the provisions of the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") as applicable as per Master Direction-Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company-Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 vide circular No: RBI/DoR/2023-24/105 DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/ 2023-24 dated October 19, 2023, as amended from time to time and other applicable clarifications provided by RBI.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, as the management is satisfied that the Company shall be able to continue its business for the foreseeable future and no material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on going concern assumption.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis except interest on non-performing loans which is accounted for on realization basis. The accounting policies applied by the Company are consistent with those applied in the previous year, unless specified otherwise.

An asset or liability is respectively classified as current when it is expected to be realized or settled in the Company's normal operating cycle or within 12 months after the reporting date. Current assets and liabilities include current portion of non-current assets and non-current liabilities respectively. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current as required by Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies/ accounting estimate

A. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Indian GAAP requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the date of the financial statements and the result of the operations during the reporting year end. Although these estimates are made as per the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

B. Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment have been stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of assets and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

C. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

D. Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment has been provided on the straight-line method over the useful lives of assets estimated by the management, which is consistent with the useful lives prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis.



Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Significant Accounting Policies and Notes on Accounts

E. Impairment

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine if there is any indication of impairment based on internal as well as external factors. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the asset is more than its recoverable value which is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

F. Borrowing cost

Interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowings of the funds are charged to revenue on time proportion basis unless otherwise stated.

G. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

(i) Interest income on loans is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rates applicable, except in the case of Non-Performing Assets ("NPA's"), where it is recognized upon realization, as per prudential norms of RBI. Any such income recognized before the assets become non-performing and remaining unrealized are reversed.

(ii) All other income are recognized on an accrual basis.

H. Investments

Investment that is readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year are classified as current investment, all other investments are classified as long term investment.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair market value determined on an individual investment basis. Long Term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline, other than temporary, in the value of investments. On disposal of investment, the difference between the carrying amount and net disposal proceeds are charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

I. Retirement and other employee benefits

Actuarial valuation for Gratuity has not been made by the company thus the present cost of future obligation has not been provided in the statement of profit and Loss.

J. Taxation

(i) Tax expenses comprises of Current and Deferred Tax. Current Income Tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the Tax Authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Income Tax computation has been made in compliance with relevant applicable Income Computation & Disclosure Standards as notified by CBDT under Income Tax Act 1961. Deferred Income Taxes reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

(ii) Deferred Tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such Deferred Tax Assets can be realized.

(iii) The carrying amount of the Deferred Tax Assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date. The Company writes down the carrying amount of the deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be that sufficient future taxable income will be available.



Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Significant Accounting Policies and Notes on Accounts

K. Classification of loan portfolio

Loans are classified as follows:

- (i) Standard Assets - Current loan and overdue upto 90 days as Special Mention Account.
- (ii) Non-performing assets - Overdue from 91 days and more

"Overdue" refers to interest and/or installment remaining unpaid from the day it became receivable.

The above classification is in compliance with the Master Direction-Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company-Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2024 vide circular No: RBI/DoR/2024-25/105 DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/ 2024-25 dated October 19, 2024.

L. Provision for portfolio loans

Provision on portfolio loans are made at the higher of management estimate or minimum provision required as per the Master Direction-Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company-Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 and subsequent notifications issued by the Reserve Bank of India. The Management treats a loan as overdue as soon as a scheduled installment is failed.

M. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit or loss after tax for the year (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

N. Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, its outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

O. Foreign currency transactions

All transactions in foreign currency are recognized at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the exchange rate prevailing at the close of the reporting year. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on the restatement of Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

P. Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, financing, and investing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information. Cash flows in foreign currencies are accounted at the actual rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

Q. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement comprise cash in hand and unrestricted amount of cash at bank and unrestricted short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

R. Security from borrowers

The Company is providing loan against pledging of gold ornaments at the time of disbursement of loan.

S. Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.



Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Notes forming part of financial statements

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 3 : Share capital	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Authorised:		
70,00,000 (March 31, 2024: 70,00,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	700.00	700.00
	700.00	700.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up:		
48,05,769 (March 31, 2024: 48,05,769) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	480.58	480.58
Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital	480.58	480.58

Terms/Rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having at par value of ₹10/- per share. Each holder of the equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of the equity will be entitled to receive the remaining asset of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

The reconciliation of number of shares is set out below:

Particulars	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Number of shares at the beginning of the year	48,05,769	48,05,769
Issued during the year	-	-
Number of shares at the end of the year	48,05,769	48,05,769

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares of the Company:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
	Equity shares	% of holding	Equity shares	% of holding
Kuldip Maity	48,05,759	99.99	48,05,759	99.99

Details of shareholdings of Promoters:

As on 31st March 2025

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year			% change during the year
Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	year
1. Kuldip Maity	48,05,759	99.99	--

As on 31st March 2024

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year			% change during the year
Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	year
1. Kuldip Maity	48,05,759	99.99	--

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 4 : Reserves and surplus	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
a. Statutory reserve		
Balance as per last financial statements	29.17	28.37
Add: Amount transferred from surplus balance in the statement of profit and loss	3.16	0.80
Closing Balance	32.33	29.17
b. Surplus		
Balance as per last financial statements	42.25	39.04
Add: Profit for the year	15.82	4.01
Amount available for appropriation	58.07	43.05
<i>Appropriation :</i>		
Transferred to statutory reserve @ 20% of net profit	3.16	0.80
Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss	54.91	42.25
Total (a+b)	87.24	71.42



Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Notes forming part of financial statements

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 5 : Trade payables	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.35	0.74
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.70	0.06
Total	1.05	0.80

Trade payables ageing schedule:

The following schedules reflect ageing of trade payables with respect to the date of transactions:

As on 31st March 2025

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	0.35	-	-	-	0.35
(ii) Others	0.70	-	-	-	0.70
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed dues-others	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total-A	1.05	-	-	-	1.04
(v) Unbilled amount	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total-B	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A+B)	1.05	-	-	-	1.04

As on 31st March 2024

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	0.74	-	-	-	0.74
(ii) Others	0.06	-	-	-	0.06
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed dues-others	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total-A	0.80	-	-	-	0.80
(v) Unbilled amount	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total-B	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A+B)	0.80	-	-	-	0.80

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 6 : Other current liabilities	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Statutory dues payable	7.12	5.06
Employee benefits and other expenses payable	1.04	1.73
Total	8.16	6.79

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 7 : Provisions	Non-current portion		Current portion	
	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Provision for loan loss:				
-- contingent provision against standard assets	-	-	4.32	4.31
-- against non performing assets	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	4.32	4.31



Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Notes forming part of financial statements

Note - 8A : Property, plant and equipment

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Cost or Valuation	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipments	Computers	Total
Gross Block:				
At 1st April 2023	0.50	15.93	1.64	18.06
Additions for the year	-	0.20	-	0.20
Disposals	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2024	0.50	16.12	1.64	18.26
Additions for the year	1.09	0.16	-	1.25
Disposals	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2025	1.58	16.28	1.64	19.51
Depreciation:				
At 1st April 2023	0.50	15.12	1.64	17.26
Charge for the year	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2024	0.50	15.12	1.64	17.26
Charge for the year	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2025	0.50	15.12	1.64	17.26
Net Block:				
As at 31st March 2025	1.09	1.16	-	2.25
As at 31st March 2024	-	1.00	-	1.00

Note - 8B: Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Software under development	Total
At 1st April 2023	-	-
Additions for the year	1.23	1.23
Capitalized during the year	1.90	1.90
As at 31st March 2024	3.13	3.13
Additions for the year	-	-
Capitalized during the year	-	-
As at 31st March 2025	3.13	3.13

Intangible assets under development - Aging Schedule

As at 31st March 2025	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	3.13	-	-	-	3.13
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-



Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Notes forming part of financial statements

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 9 : Deferred tax assets/(liabilities): non-current	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Deferred tax assets on account of : Impact of provision against standard assets and non-performing assets	1.08	1.08
Total	1.08	1.08

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 10 : Loans and advances (Considered good unless otherwise stated)	Non-current portion		Current portion	
	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Loan portfolio:				
Secured	-	-	360.27	357.95
Unsecured (loans against purchase of shares)	720.00	720.00	-	-
Advances to director	-	-	35.00	-
Advance tax (net of provision)	-	-	7.94	9.32
Total	720.00	720.00	403.21	367.27

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 11 : Other assets (Secured, considered good unless otherwise stated)	Non-current portion		Current portion	
	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Accrued interest on loans	-	-	12.04	8.50
Security deposit	-	-	8.47	8.47
Other receivables #	-	-	14.72	14.07
Total	-	-	35.23	31.04

includes input credit GST receivable.

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 12 : Cash and bank balances	Non-current portion		Current portion	
	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Balance with banks				
- on current account	-	-	68.26	14.23
Cash on hand	-	-	98.19	176.15
	-	-	166.45	190.38
Other bank balances	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	166.45	190.38



Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Notes forming part of financial statements

Amount in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note - 13 : Revenue from operations	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Interest income on loans	164.17	97.95
Other financial services	-	-
Total	164.17	97.95

Amount in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note - 14 : Employee benefits expense	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Salaries and allowances	17.91	9.66
Staff welfare expense	0.34	0.38
Total	18.25	10.04

Amount in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note - 15 : Finance costs	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Interest expense	90.00	47.78
Other borrowing costs	-	-
Total	90.00	47.78

Amount in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note - 15 : Depreciation and amortization expense	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Depreciation of tangible assets	-	-
Amortization of intangible assets	-	-
Total	-	-

Amount in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note - 16 : Provisions and write off	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Provision for standard and non-performing assets	0.01	2.22
Portfolio loans written off	-	-
Total	0.01	2.22

Amount in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note - 17 : Other expenses	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Rent expenses	17.17	16.42
Consultancy and professional charges	0.58	0.56
Bank charges	0.04	0.05
Printing and stationery	0.64	0.18
Repair and maintenance	2.77	2.43
Communication expenses	0.41	0.50
Travelling and conveyance	0.02	0.01
Insurance charges	6.14	6.18
Electricity charges	1.04	1.05
Payment to auditors (Refer note below)	0.75	0.75
Rates and taxes	0.20	0.21
Security charges	3.71	3.75
Filing fees	0.02	0.01
Subscription	0.31	0.18
Miscellaneous expenses	1.09	0.24
Total	34.90	32.50

Amount in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note - 17 (a) : Payment to auditors	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
As auditors:		
- Statutory Audit fee	0.75	0.75
- Other services	-	-
Total	0.75	0.75



Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Notes forming part of financial statements

18 Earnings per share:

Particulars	31st March, 2025	31st March, 2024
Net profit as per profit and loss statement (₹ in lakhs)	15.82	4.01
Weighted average number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share	47,08,885	47,08,885
Earning per share (Basic and diluted) (₹)	0.34	0.09

19 Classification of loans:

Management classifies its loan portfolio as Standard and Non-performing asset ("NPA") as per the norms stipulated by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI).

Quality of portfolio outstanding:

Classification	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Share (%)	Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Share (%)
Standard assets	1,080.27	100.00%	1,077.95	100.00%
Sub standard assets	--	--	--	--
Doubtful assets	--	--	--	--
Loss assets	--	--	--	--
Total	1,080.27	100.00%	1,077.95	100.00%

20 Segment reporting

The Company operates in a single reportable segment i.e. giving loans and other related activities, which have similar risks and returns for the purpose of Accounting Standard-17 on 'Segment Reporting'. The Company operates in a single geographical segment i.e. domestic. Hence, no additional disclosures are required under Accounting Standard-17.

21 Details of loans transferred/acquired during the year ended 31st March 2025 under the RBI Master Direction on Transfer of Loan Exposures dated 24th September 2021 are given below:

- (i) The Company has not transferred any Non Performing Assets (NPAs).
- (ii) The Company has not transferred any Special Mention Account (SMA) and loan not in default.
- (iii) The Company has not acquired any loans not in default through assignment.
- (iv) The Company has not acquired any stressed loan.

22 Disclosure required as per Reserve Bank of India Notification No. DNBS.CC.PD.No.265/03.10.01/2011-12 dated March 21, 2013

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Loans granted against collateral of gold jewellery	360.27	357.95
Total financial assets of the Company	1,080.27	1,077.95
Percentage of loans granted against collateral of gold jewellery to total assets	33.35%	33.21%

23 Disclosure required as per Reserve Bank of India Notification No. DNBS.CC.PD.No.266/03.10.01/2011-12 dated March 26, 2012 (Auction during the year)

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Loans outstanding against collateral of gold jewellery (NPA accounts)	Nil	Nil
Interest outstanding against the above principal	Nil	Nil
Total amount due from above NPA accounts	Nil	Nil
Proceeds from auction	Nil	Nil
Refundable to the borrowers	Nil	Nil
Refunded to the borrowers	Nil	Nil



Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Notes forming part of financial statements

24 Loan to Value Ratio

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Loan granted against collateral of gold jewellery	360.27	357.95
Percentage of loans granted against market value of gold jewellery	41.90	48.97

25 Additional disclosures required by Reserve Bank of India

RBI scale based regulations:

Applying the scale based regulations issued by RBI vide circular dated 22 October 2021 (applicable from 01 October 2022), the Company would be classified as a Base Layer NBFC (NBFC-BL).

The Company has initiated necessary steps in terms of formulating an implementation plan and ensuring compliances with norms/changes suggested as and when they become applicable.

A) Exposure

(a) Exposure to real estate sector

(₹ in crore)

Category	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Direct exposure:		
a) Residential Mortgages – Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented. Exposure would also include non-fund based (NFB) limits.	--	--
b) Commercial Real Estate – Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estate (office buildings, retail space, multipurpose commercial premises, multifamily residential buildings, multi tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non-fund based (NFB) limits.	--	--
c) Investments in Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitized exposures –		
i. Residential		
ii. Commercial Real Estate		
Indirect Exposure:		
Fund based and non-fund-based exposures on National Housing Bank and Housing Finance Companies.	--	--
Total Exposure to Real Estate Sector	--	--

(b) Exposure to capital market

The Company does not have any direct or indirect exposure to capital market during the current and previous year.

(c) Sectoral exposure (includes on balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposure)

(₹ in crore)

Sectors	2024-25			2023-24		
	Total exposure	Gross NPA	%	Total exposure	Gross NPA	%
Agriculture and Allied Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industry	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personal Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	1,080.27	-	-	1,077.95	-	-

(d) Intra-group exposures

The Company does not have any intra-group exposure during the current and previous year.



Fast Capital Private Limited

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Notes forming part of financial statements

(e) Unhedged foreign currency exposure

The Company did not have any unhedged foreign currency exposure as on the balance sheet date and did not enter into any derivative contracts at any time during the year and none were outstanding as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

B) Related Party Disclosure

(₹ in crore)

Particulars of Related Party	Nature of Transactions	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
VFS Capital Limited (an entity over which director have significant influence)	Long term borrowings	7.50	7.50
	Interest paid	0.90	0.26
Kuldip Maity, Director	Long term loans	7.20	7.20
	Interest received	0.86	0.24
	Advance	0.35	--

C) Disclosure of complaints

SI	Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
i)	No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	-	-
ii)	No. of complaints received during the year	-	-
iii)	No. of complaints redressed during the year	-	-
iv)	No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	-	-

Disclosures pursuant to disclosure guidelines of NBFC scale based regulations:

i)	Details of maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from the office of Ombudsman	-	-
ii)	Number of awards unimplemented within the stipulated time	-	-
iii)	Top grounds of complaints received from customers	-	-

26 Loan to Directors, Senior Officers and relatives of Directors:

(₹ in crore)

Sl.	Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
1	Kuldip Maity, Director (long-term loans)	7.20	7.20
2	Kuldip Maity, Director (advance)	0.35	--

27 Additional Regulatory Information

Ratios:

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current Ratio (in times)	Total current assets	Total current liabilities	44.72	49.47
Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Profit after tax	Average total equity	2.82%	0.73%
Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average working capital (Total current assets less total current liabilities)	0.28	0.17
Net profit ratio (in %)	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	9.63%	4.09%
Return on Capital employed (in %)	EBIT	Capital employed = Total assets - Current liabilities	1.61%	0.42%

Change in the ratio is more than 25% as compared to the preceding year, as the profit for the current year has increased by more than 25% from that of the previous year.



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Notes forming part of financial statements

28 Details of Benami Transactions:

Where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder, the company shall disclose the following:-

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(a) Details of such property, including year of acquisition	Not applicable	Not applicable
(b) Amount thereof,		
(c) Details of Beneficiaries,		
(d) If property is in the books, then reference to the item in the Balance Sheet,		
(e) If property is not in the books, then the fact shall be stated with reasons,		
(f) Where there are proceedings against the company under this law as an abettor of the transaction or as the transferor then the details shall be provided,		
(g) Nature of proceedings, status of same and company's view on same.		

29 Micro and small enterprises

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an office memorandum dated August 26, 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum in accordance with the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'). Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31st March 2025 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the Company. Further in view of the Management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier as at the balance sheet date.

(Amount in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
The principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	-	-
-- Principal	0.35	0.74
-- Interest	-	-
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16, of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-

Note : Abovementioned outstanding to the MSME does not fall within the purview of dues to the MSME under the Company Laws.

30 The Company has not done any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956 during the current and previous year.

31 There are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).



Fast Capital Private Limited

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Notes forming part of financial statements

- 32 The Company had no immovable properties during the current year or previous year whose title deeds are not held in the name of Company. Therefore requirement of disclosures of holding of Title Deeds of all Immovable Properties not in the name of Company is not applicable.
- 33 The Company had not revalued Property, Plant and Equipment during the current year as well as in the previous year.
- 34 The Company has not given any Loans or Advances in the nature of loans to Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Persons and Other Related Parties either severally or jointly with any other persons which are (a) repayable on demand or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- 35 The Company has not obtained any credit facilities in the current year as well as in the previous year from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of non- current assets.
- 36 The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter in the current year and previous year by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority or other lender in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- 37 The Company had no subsidiary(ies) as at 31-Mar-2025 or as at 31-Mar-2024, accordingly requirement to comply with section 2(89) of the Companies Act read with Companies (Restriction on Number of Layers) Rules, 2017 does not arise.
- 38 During the current year or previous year, no schemes of arrangements were approved by any competent authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013. As such requirement of giving effect thereof in the books of account in accordance with the scheme and accounting standards does not arise.
- 39 During the current year or previous year, no borrowed funds, share premium or other funds have been loaned/advanced to or invested with any person or entity including foreign entity with the understanding (recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 40 During the current year or previous year, the Company did not received any fund by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any .manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- 41 The provision of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company.
- 42 The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year.
- 43 Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, where necessary, to conform to this year's classification.

As per our report of even date attached

For SRB & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 310009E



Sunil Shah
Partner

Membership No: 052841

UDIN: 25052841BMFXX7997



Place: Kolkata

Date : 30/04/2025

For Fast Capital Private Limited



Kuldip Maity
Director
DIN:00250869



Ranjita Maity
Director
DIN:02523188

Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

Notes forming part of financial statements

Disclosure pursuant to Annex VIII of Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

31st March, 2025

(₹ in lakh)

Liabilities side:	Amount Outstanding	Amount Overdue
1 Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid :	Nil	Nil
a. Debentures: Secured	--	--
Unsecured (other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)	--	--
b. Deferred Credits	--	--
c. Term loans	--	--
d. Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	--	--
e. Commercial Paper	--	--
f. Public Deposits*	--	--
g. Other loans	750.00	--
<i>* see note 1 below</i>		
2 Break-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid) :	--	--
a. In the form of unsecured debentures:		
In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where there is		
a shortfall in the value of security		
b. Other public deposits		
<i>* see note 1 below</i>		
Assets side:	Amount Outstanding	
3 Break-up of loans and advances including bills receivables (other than those included in (4) below) :		
a. Secured		360.27
b. Unsecured		--
4 Break-up of leased assets and stock on hire and hypothecation Loans counting towards AFC activities :		Nil
I Lease assets including lease rentals under Sundry Debtors		
a. Financial lease		
b. Operating lease		
II Stock on hire including hire charges under Sundry Debtors		
a. Assets on hire		
b. Repossessed Assets		
III Other Loans counting towards AFC activities		
a. Loans where assets have been repossessed		
b. Loans other than (a) above		
5 Break up of Investments :		
Current Investments :		
1 Quoted		Nil
I Shares : (a) Equity		
(b) Preference		
II Debentures and Bonds		
III Units of mutual funds		
IV Government Securities		
V Others (Please Specify)		
2 Unquoted		Nil
I Shares : (a) Equity		
(b) Preference		
II Debentures and Bonds		
III Units of mutual funds		
IV Government Securities		
V Others (Please Specify)		



Fast Capital Private Limited

CIN: U67120WB1993PTC057623

31st March, 2025

(₹in lakh)

Long Term Investments :

1	Quoted		Nil
	I	Shares : (a) Equity	--
		(b) Preference	
	II	Debentures and Bonds	--
	III	Units of mutual funds	--
	IV	Government Securities	--
	V	Others (Please specify)	--
2	Unquoted		Nil
	I	Shares : (a) Equity	--
		(b) Preference	--
	II	Debentures and Bonds	--
	III	Units of mutual funds	--
	IV	Government Securities	--
	V	Others (Please specify)	--

6 Borrower group-wise classification of all assets financed as in (3) and (4) above : (Please see Note 2 below)

Category	Amount net of provisions		
	Secured	Unsecured	Total
1 Related Parties **			
a. Subsidiaries		--	--
b. Companies in the same group		--	--
c. Other related parties		720.00	720.00
2 Other than related parties	360.27	--	360.27
Total	-	--	1,080.27

7 Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted)

(Please see Note 3 below)

Category	Market value/Break up or fair value or NAV	Book Value (Net of provisions)
	1 Related Parties **	
a. Subsidiaries	--	--
b. Companies in the same group	--	--
c. Other related parties	--	--
2 Other than related parties	--	--
Total		--

**As per Accounting Standard of ICAI (Please see Note 3)

8 Other information:

Particulars	Amount
I. Gross Non-performing Assets	
a. Related parties	--
b. Other than related parties	--
II. Net Non-performing Assets	
a. Related parties	--
b. Other than related parties	--
III. Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	Nil

Notes

- As defined in paragraph 3 of Chapter-2 of the Master Direction-Non-Banking Financial Company-Non-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016
- Provisioning norms shall be applicable as prescribed in these Directions.
- All accounting Standards and Guidance Notes issued by ICAI are applicable including for valuation of investments and other assets, as also assets acquired in satisfaction of debt. However market value in respect of quoted investment and break up/fair value/NAV in respect of unquoted investments should be disclosed irrespective of whether they are classified as long term or current in (5) above.

